REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE BRACKEN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

www.auditor.ky.gov

105 SEA HERO ROAD, SUITE 2 FRANKFORT, KY 40601-5404 TELEPHONE (502) 573-0050 FACSIMILE (502) 573-0067

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE BRACKEN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2004

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the Bracken County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2004.

We have issued an unqualified opinion, based on our audit, on the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information financial statements of Bracken County, Kentucky.

Financial Condition:

The fiscal court had net assets of \$2,760,426 as of June 30, 2004. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$1,246,416 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2004. The fiscal court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2004 of \$629,342 with \$39,342 due within the next year.

Deposits:

The fiscal court's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities or bonds.

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
Robbie Rudolph, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Leslie Newman, Bracken County Judge/Executive
Members of the Bracken County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bracken County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Bracken County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Bracken County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bracken County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The county has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements 33, 34, and 37 as they relate to the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1, which has altered the format and content of the basic financial statements.



To the People of Kentucky
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The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Bracken County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, combining fund financial statements, are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation of the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated March 11, 2005 on our consideration of Bracken County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - March 11, 2005

BRACKEN COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

Fiscal Court Members:

Leslie Newman County Judge/Executive

Matthew Clark Hennessey, Jr.

Neil Brumley

Magistrate

David Kelsch

Magistrate

Scotty Lippert

Magistrate

Timothy Figgins

Magistrate

Dennis Jefferson

Magistrate

Perry Poe

Magistrate

Wilma Jones Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Edward Rudd County Attorney

Gary Riggs Jailer

Rae Jean Poe County Clerk

Catherine Riggs Circuit Court Clerk

Mike Nelson Sheriff

Steve Thornsbury Property Valuation Administrator

John G. Parker Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Judith F. Brothers County Treasurer

Tina Cummins-Hargett Finance Officer



Leslie L. Newman

Bracken County Judge/Executive P.O. Box 264 Brooksville, KY 41004 Office: (606) 735-2300 Fax: (606) 735-2615

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the Bracken County Fiscal Court's financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The County's total revenues for the year exceeded total expenses by \$142,801 (excluding prior year surplus) for the year, resulting in an increase in total net assets of 13% over the previous year. The increase is attributed to the County's operation of its governmental activities.

The County received a \$36,859 grant for Homeland Security and purchased equipment.

The County received an \$11,133 medical grant that was passed through to the Bracken County Ambulance District.

The County received a \$5,000 grant that will be used in cemetery clean-up.

The County received \$25,000 in application fees for cell towers that will be constructed in the county.

The County decreased debt principal by \$60,225 due to the pay down of the 911 operating system, courthouse renovation and road loader debts.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management discussion and analysis serves as in introduction to the County's basic financial statements, which are the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34. GASB Statement 34 implements a new model of financial reporting for state and local governments designed to enhance the usefulness of the County's annual report.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements report information about the overall finances of the County similar to a business enterprise. These statements combine and consolidate short-term, spendable resources with capital assets and long-term obligations.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the County's assets less liabilities, which results in net assets. The statement is designed to display the financial position of the County. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets help determine whether the County's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities provides information which shows how the County's net assets changed as a result of the year's activities. The County's governmental activities include general government, protection to persons and property, general health and sanitation, social services, recreation and culture, transportation facilities and service, and roads.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate fiscal accountability.

Governmental Funds. Government funds are used to report the County's basic services. The funds focus on the inflows and outflows of current resources and the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Governmental fund statements provide a near- or short-term view of the County's operations.

Six governmental funds were used by the County in fiscal year 2004: General, Road, Jail, L.G.E.A., Special, Senior Citizens, State Grants, and Federal Grants.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis. In future years, when prior year information is available, a comparative analysis of government-wide information will be presented.

Governmental Activities. For the year ended June 30, 2004, the County's governmental activities were funded as follows:

OVERVIEW OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Sources of Funds for Governmental Activities. Revenues for the County's governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2004 were \$1,970,970. Specifically, intergovernmental revenue is the greatest component of revenues (excluding surplus and transfers).

Revenues by Source.

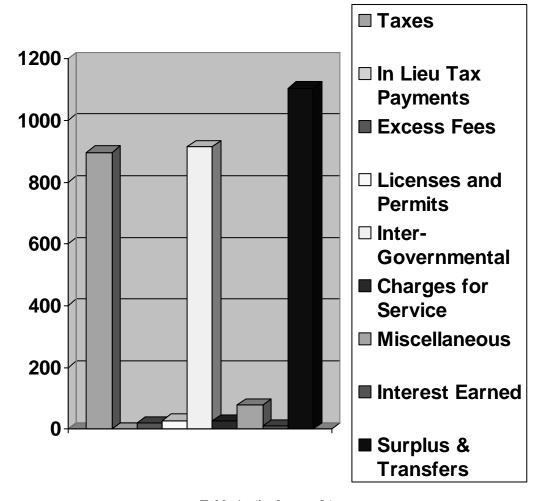
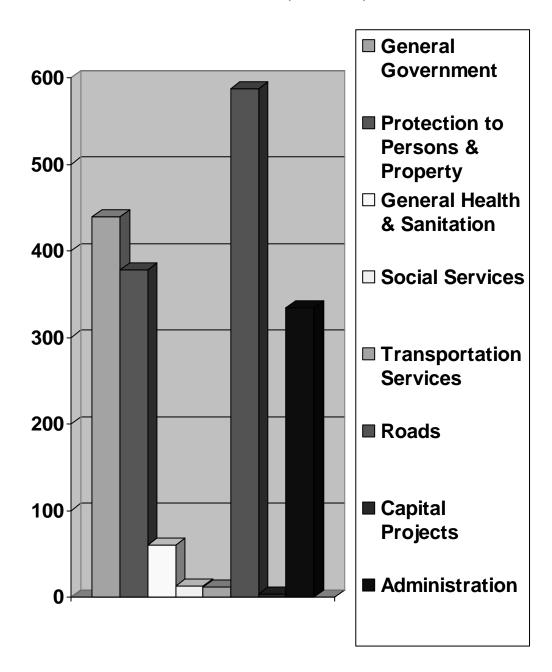


Table 1 - (in thousands)

Uses of Funds in Government Activities. For the year ended June 30, 2004, total expenses for governmental activities amounted to \$1,828,169.

Table 2 - (in thousands)



A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

During the year, the Court revised the budget several times as new information indicated a need. Certain funds experienced noteworthy changes from the prior year and are highlighted as follows:

The General Fund reported revenues of \$1,132,595 (excluding prior year surplus), expenditures of \$1,009,020 and net transfers of \$77,480, resulting in a decrease in fund balance of \$46,095.

The Road Fund reported revenues of \$744,412 (excluding prior year surplus) and expenditures of \$621,307, resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$123,105.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. At the end of June 30, 2004, the County had invested in capital assets, net of depreciation.

Land	\$ 70,117
Buildings	1,096,374
Equipment	344,263
Vehicles	179,145

Totals \$1,689,899

This year's most significant capital asset addition included E911 mapping equipment.

Infrastructure \$ 453,453

This asset represents only roads repaved in fiscal year 2004. This asset will increase as roads placed in service prior to fiscal year 2004 will be added in future years.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the year, the County had \$629,342 (principal) in long-term debt. This represents a 10% decrease. The County's long-term debt is comprised of one note with KACoLT with a fifteen-year maturity (08/20/2017). The debt service for this note is paid partially by AOC with remaining funds from the general fund (courthouse addition) and the Road Fund (loader).

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

For the year ending June 30, 2005, all funds have been budgeted consistently with this year.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the County Judge's office at 116 West Miami Street, P.O. Box 264, Brooksville, Kentucky 41004, or telephone 606-735-2300.

BRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2004

BRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2004

	Primary		
	Government		
	Governmental		
	Activities		
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,246,416	
Total Current Assets		1,246,416	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated			
Depreciation			
Land and Land Improvements		70,117	
Buildings		1,096,374	
Vehicles		179,145	
Equipment		344,263	
Infrastructure Assets - Net			
of Depreciation		453,453	
Total Noncurrent Assets		2,143,352	
Total Assets		3,389,768	
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
KACoLT Financing Obligations		39,342	
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
KACoLT Financing Obligations		590,000	
Total Liabilities		629,342	
NET ASSETS			
Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt	\$	1,514,010	
Unrestricted		1,246,416	
Total Net Assets	\$	2,760,426	

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BRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

BRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

			Program Revenues Received					
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	742,159	\$	42,230	\$	74,095	\$	
Protection to Persons and Property		329,217		17,216		82,161		
General Health and Sanitation		67,265						
Social Services		1,761						
Recreation and Culture		16,631						
Roads		227,736				735,192		
Airports		11,981						
Interest on Long-Term Debt		6,668						
Capital Projects		3,987						
Total Governmental Activities		1,407,405		59,446		891,448		
Total Primary Government	\$	1,407,405	\$	59,446	\$	891,448	\$	0

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes
Personal Property Taxes
Motor Vehicle Taxes
Other Taxes
Excess Fees
Unrestricted Investment Earnings
Miscellaneous Revenues

Total General Revenues Change in Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning (Restated)

Net Assets - Ending

BRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues

and Changes in Net Assets					
	Primary G	overi	nment		
	vernmental				
	Activities		Totals		
\$	(625,834)	\$	(625,834)		
	(229,840)	·	(229,840)		
	(67,265)		(67,265)		
	(1,761)		(1,761)		
	(16,631)		(16,631)		
	507,456		507,456		
	(11,981)		(11,981)		
	(6,668)		(6,668)		
	(3,987)	(3,987)			
	(456,511)		(456,511)		
	(456,511)		(456,511)		
	(430,311)	-	(430,311)		
	520,621		520,621		
	27,122		27,122		
	68,534		68,534		
	300,232		300,232		
	20,033		20,033		
	9,729		9,729		
	73,804		73,804		
	1,020,075		1,020,075		
	563,564		563,564		
	2,196,862		2,196,862		
\$	2,760,426	\$	2,760,426		



BRACKEN COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2004

BRACKEN COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2004

	General Fund		Road Fund		Non- Major Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	499,744	\$	656,509	\$	90,163	\$	1,246,416
Total Assets	\$	499,744	\$	656,509	\$	90,163	\$	1,246,416
FUND BALANCES								
Reserved for:								
Encumbrances	\$		\$	6	\$	84	\$	90
Unreserved:								
General Fund		499,744						499,744
Special Revenue Funds				656,503		90,079		746,582
Total Fund Balances	\$	499,744	\$	656,509	\$	90,163	\$	1,246,416

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to Statement of Net Assets:

Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities In The Statement

Of Net Assets Are Different Because:

Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities Are Not Financial Resources

And Therefore Are Not Reported in the Funds.

2,943,882

Accumulated Depreciation

(800,530)

Long-term Debt Is Not Due and Payable in the Current Period and, Therefore, Is Not

Reported in the Funds.

KACoLT Financing Obligations

(629,342)

Net Assets Of Governmental Activities

\$ 2,760,426

2,760,426



BRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

BRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

	General Fund	Road Fund
REVENUES		
Taxes	\$ 896,417	\$
In Lieu Tax Payments	131	
Excess Fees	20,032	
Licenses and Permits	27,093	
Intergovernmental	140,932	713,081
Charges for Services	10,739	
Miscellaneous	33,274	26,439
Interest	3,977	4,892
Total Revenues	1,132,595	744,412
EXPENDITURES		
General Government	401,774	
Protection to Persons and Property	224,643	
General Health and Sanitation	60,104	5,500
Social Services	500	
Recreation and Culture	13,285	
Roads		510,681
Airports	11,981	
Debt Service	57,222	9,671
Capital Projects		3,987
Administration	239,511	91,468
Total Expenditures	1,009,020	621,307
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other		
Financing Sources (Uses)	123,575	123,105
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers From Other Funds	520	
Transfers To Other Funds	(78,000)	1
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(77,480)	
N. Ch E I.D	46005	122.107
Net Change in Fund Balances	46,095	123,105
Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated)	453,649	533,404
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 499,744	\$ 656,509

BRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Non- Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Φ	\$ 896,417		
\$	\$ 896,417 131		
	20,032		
	20,032 27,093		
59,527	913,540		
15,423	26,162		
18,151	77,864		
862	9,731		
93,963	1,970,970		
93,903	1,970,970		
5,497	407,271		
127,631	352,274		
127,031	65,604		
	500		
	13,285		
60,956	571,637		
00,230	11,981		
	66,893		
	3,987		
3,758	334,737		
197,842	1,828,169		
,	, , , , , ,		
(103,879)	142,801		
78,000	78,520		
(520)	(78,520)		
77,480			
(26,399)	142,801		
116,562	1,103,615		
\$ 90,163	\$ 1,246,416		



BRACKEN COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

BRACKEN COUNTY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 142,801
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay	471,365
Depreciation Expense	(110,827)
Lease principal payments are expensed in the Governmental Funds	
as a use of current financial resources.	
KACoLT Financing Obligations	 60,225
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 563,564

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BRACKEN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2004

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents its government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Notes receivable are recognized on the Statement of Net Assets, but notes receivable are not included and recognized on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Bracken County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Based upon the application of the criteria stated in GASB 14 and GASB 39 there are no component units which merit consideration as part of the reporting entity.

Additional - Bracken County Elected Officials

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- · County Sheriff

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials above from the geographic area constituting Bracken County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices.

BRACKEN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government—wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Fiduciary funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: l) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all governmental funds. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Governor's Office for Local Development requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund and is presented as a Special Revenue Fund.

The government also has the following non-major funds: Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance (LGEA) Fund, State Grants Fund, Federal Grants Fund, Senior Citizens Fund, and Special Fund, which are presented as Special Revenue Funds. These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) October 1, due at discount October 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following assessment, and subject to lien and sale on April 10 following the delinquency date.

D. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Capital Assets (Continued)

Costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset. Bracken County Fiscal Court did not set a capitalization threshold for Intangibles and did not set a useful life for Building Improvements and Vehicles.

	-	italization nreshold	Useful Life (Years)
			(=====)
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10 - 60
Buildings	\$	25,000	10 - 75
Building Improvements	\$	25,000	
Machinery and Equipment	\$	2,500	3 -25
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	10 - 50
Intangibles			2-40
Vehicles	\$	2,500	

F. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

G. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balance may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Fund Equity (Continued)

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

H. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Note 2. Deposits

The primary government maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). According to KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met, and as of June 30, 2004, the primary government's deposits were fully insured or collateralized at a 100% level with collateral of pledged securities held by the county's agent in the county's name.

Note 3. Operating Leases

The Bracken County Fiscal Court was committed to a lease agreement with Modern Office Methods for a copier. This lease was completed during fiscal year 2004. In January 2004, Bracken County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement for a new copier, also with Modern Office Methods. The terms of the agreement require 60 monthly payments of \$221. The balance was \$11,928 as of June 30, 2004.

110,827

BRACKEN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Note 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2004 was as follows:

Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities

	Reporting Entity								
	Beginning					Ending			
Primary Government:		Balance		Increases	Decr	eases		Balance	
Governmental Activities:									
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:									
Land and Land Improvements	\$	70,117	\$		\$		\$	70,117	
Total Capital Assets Not Being	Ψ	, 0,117	4		<u> </u>		Ψ_	, 0,11,	
Depreciated		70,117						70,117	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:									
Buildings		1,179,120						1,179,120	
Vehicles		368,766		10,565				379,331	
Equipment		764,577		58,470				823,047	
Infrastructure		89,937		402,330				492,267	
Total Capital Assets Being		<u> </u>							
Depreciated		2,402,400		471,365				2,873,765	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:									
Buildings		(67,541)		(15,205)				(82,746)	
Vehicles		(179,446)		(20,740)				(200, 186)	
Equipment		(436,720)		(42,064)				(478,784)	
Infrastructure		(5,996)		(32,818)				(38,814)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(689,703)		(110,827)				(800,530)	
Total Capital Assets, Being		1 510 605		260.520				2 052 225	
Depreciated, Net		1,712,697		360,538				2,073,235	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	1,782,814	\$	360,538	\$	0	\$	2,143,352	
Depreciation expense was charged to fu	ıncti	ons of the pr	ima	ry governme	nt as fol	lows:			
General Government						\$	19,796		
Protection to Persons and Propert	y						17	,807	
General Health and Sanitation	1	,661							
Roads, Including Depreciation of	Gen	eral Infrastr	neti	ire Assets				,956	
Social Services	• •							1,261	
Recreation and Culture								,346	
Recreation and Culture							3	,,,,+0	

Note 5. Short-term Debt

In July 2003, Bracken County participated in the Kentucky Association of Counties Kentucky Advance Revenue Program by issuing a note in the amount of \$295,700 with principal being due in January 2004. While the County did not use borrowed funds in order to meet current General Fund expenses, they were able to reinvest the funds and receive net interest earnings from the Kentucky Association of Counties Advance Revenue Program of \$86.

Note 6. Long-term Debt

A. Capital Lease – 911 Equipment

On May 21, 1999 the Bracken County Fiscal Court entered into a five-year, \$126,971 lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) to purchase 911 equipment. The lease calls for monthly principal and interest payments. This lease was scheduled to be paid off during fiscal year 2004. However, due to a billing error, one payment was not made. The Treasurer has received the necessary invoice and the final payment is scheduled to be approved at the March 2005 fiscal court meeting. The remaining principal balance of this lease as of June 30, 2004 was \$2,342.

Liabilities of the General Fund are:

	G	overnmen	ities				
Fiscal Year Ended					Sche	eduled	
June 30	Pr	Principal Interest			Fees		
2005	\$	2,342	\$	8	\$	2	

B. Capital Lease - Courthouse Addition and Wheel Loader

Bracken County entered into a fifteen-year, \$696,000 lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) to build an addition onto the courthouse and to purchase a wheel loader. The lease agreement calls for an annual principal payment due each January 20. Interest payments are to be made monthly. The remaining principal balance of this lease as of June 30, 2004 was \$627,000.

B. Capital Lease - Courthouse Addition and Wheel Loader (Continued)

Liabilities of the General Fund and the Road Fund are:

		Governmen	tivities			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004	Principal I		Interest		heduled Fees	
2005	\$	37,000	\$	23,363	\$	4,800
2006		38,000		21,933		4,506
2007		40,000		20,450		4,201
2008		42,000		18,890		3,881
2009		44,000		17,254		3,545
2010-2014		250,000		59,051		12,132
2015-2017		176,000		10,836		2,226
Totals	\$	627,000	\$	171,777	\$	35,291

The General Fund supports the capital lease for the courthouse renovations. The principal balance as of June 30, 2004 totaled \$550,574.

The Road Fund supports the capital lease for the wheel loader. The principal balance as of June 30, 2004 totaled \$76,426.

Note 7. Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2004, was as follows:

	В	eginning					Ending	Dυ	ie Within
		Balance	Ac	dditions	Re	ductions	Balance	_ O	ne Year
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:									
KACoLT Financing Obligations	\$	689,567	\$		\$	60,225	\$ 629,342	\$	39,342
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$	689,567	\$	0	\$	60,225	\$ 629,342	\$	39,342

Note 8. Employee Retirement System

The county has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 7.34 percent. Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 18.51 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55.

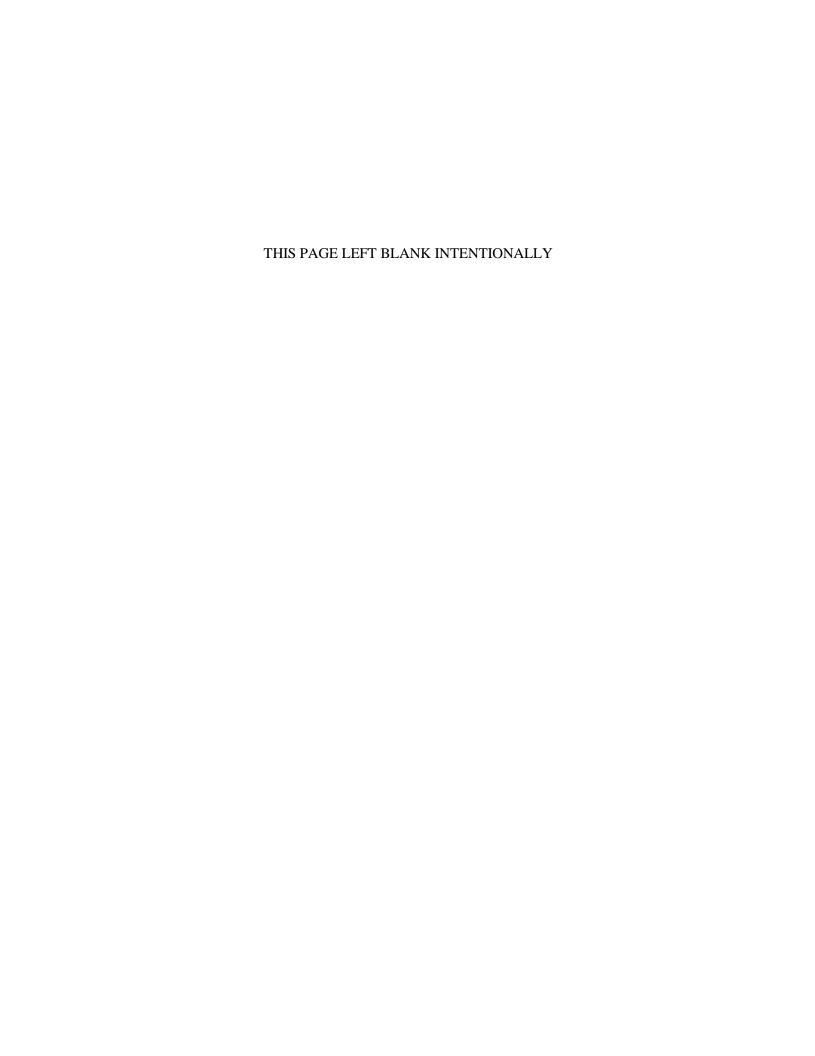
Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement System, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 9. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, Bracken County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 10. Changes in Accounting Principles and Prior Period Adjustments

The county has elected to implement Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements 33, 34 and 37, as they relate to the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1, which has altered the format and content of the basic financial statements. The effect of this change on the beginning net assets of the governmental activities is an increase of \$1,093,247 due to capital assets previously not reported and the effect of long-term debt. The beginning fund balance of the General Fund has been increased by \$9 due to a prior year voided check.



BRACKEN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

BRACKEN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information – Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

CENER	AΤ	

				012 (12)	41111	CI (D		
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES	_		_		_		_	
Taxes	\$	736,000	\$	736,000	\$	896,417	\$	160,417
In Lieu Tax Payments						131		131
Excess Fees		3,179		3,179		20,032		16,853
Licenses and Permits		2,000		2,000		27,093		25,093
Intergovernmental Revenue		80,290		80,290		140,932		60,642
Charges for Services		13,000		13,000		10,739		(2,261)
Miscellaneous		2,900		2,900		33,274		30,374
Interest		6,900		6,900		3,977		(2,923)
Total Revenues		844,269		844,269		1,132,595		288,326
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		427,774		446,426		401,774		44,652
Protection to Persons and Property		152,785		237,579		224,643		12,936
General Health and Sanitation		50,312		67,951		60,104		7,847
Social Services		1,000		1,000		500		500
Recreation and Culture		16,400		13,286		13,285		1
Airports		16,007		16,007		11,981		4,026
Debt Service		69,681		59,539		57,222		2,317
Administration		370,615		262,786		239,511		23,275
Total Expenditures		1,104,574		1,104,574		1,009,020		95,554
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(260,305)		(260,305)		123,575		383,880
I maneing Sources (Oses)		(200,303)		(200,303)		123,373		303,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds		650		650		520		(130)
Transfers To Other Funds		(126,173)		(126,173)		(78,000)		48,173
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(125,523)		(125,523)		(77,480)		48,043
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(385,828)		(385,828)		46,095		431,923
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)		385,828		385,828		453,649		67,821
Tana Zamine Degaming (Restauces)		202,020		202,020		155,017		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	499,744	\$	499,744

BRACKEN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

ROAD FUND Variance with Actual Final Budget Amounts, **Budgeted Amounts** (Budgetary Positive Original Final Basis) (Negative) REVENUES Intergovernmental Revenue \$ 804,863 804,863 713,081 (91,782)Miscellaneous 2,000 2,000 26,439 24,439 6,000 Interest 6,000 4,892 (1,108)**Total Revenues** 812,863 812,863 744,412 (68,451) **EXPENDITURES** General Health and Sanitation 15,000 20,500 5,500 15,000 Roads 791,205 829,354 510,681 318,673 Debt Service 10,951 10,951 9,671 1,280 Capital Projects 7,000 7,000 3,987 3,013 Administration 524,917 481,268 91,468 389,800 **Total Expenditures** 1,349,073 1,349,073 621,307 727,766 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (536,210)(536,210)123,105 659,315 Net Changes in Fund Balance (536,210) (536,210) 123,105 659,315 Fund Balance - Beginning 536,210 536,210 533,404 (2,806)Fund Balance - Ending 0 \$ 0 656,509 656,509 \$ \$ \$

BRACKEN COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2004

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a modified cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

BRACKEN COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2004

BRACKEN COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2004

	Jail Fund		LGEA Fund		State Grants Fund		Federal Grants Fund	
ASSETS	_						_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5,972	\$	12,622	\$		\$	
Total Assets	\$	5,972	\$	12,622	\$	0	\$	0
FUND BALANCES								
Reserved For:								
Encumbrances	\$	84	\$		\$		\$	
Unreserved:								
Special Revenue Funds		5,888		12,622				
Total Fund Balances	\$	5,972	\$	12,622	\$	0	\$	0

BRACKEN COUNTY
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
Other Supplementary Information
June 30, 2004
(Continued)

Senior Citizens Fund		 Special Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds			
\$	16,822	\$ 54,747	\$	90,163		
\$	16,822	\$ 54,747	\$	90,163		
\$		\$	\$	84		
	16,822	 54,747		90,079		
\$	16,822	\$ 54,747	\$	90,163		



BRACKEN COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

BRACKEN COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Jail Fund	LGEA Fund	 Grants und	Federal Grants Fund
REVENUES	<u> </u>				
Intergovernmental	\$	28,924	\$ 25,803	\$	\$
Charges for Services		15,423			
Miscellaneous		14,091			
Interest		27	 267		
Total Revenues	\$	58,465	\$ 26,070	\$ 0	\$ 0
EXPENDITURES					
General Government	\$		\$	\$	\$
Protection to Persons and Property		127,631			
Roads			60,956		
Administration		3,758			
Total Expenditures	\$	131,389	\$ 60,956	\$ 0	\$ 0
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over					
Expenditures Before Other					
Financing Sources (Uses)		(72,924)	(34,886)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers From Other Funds		78,000			
Transfers To Other Funds					
Total Financing Sources (Uses)		78,000			
Net Change in Fund Balances		5,076	(34,886)		
Fund Balances - Beginning		896	47,508		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	5,972	\$ 12,622	\$ 0	\$ 0

BRACKEN COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information For The Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Senior Fund			pecial Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds			
\$		\$	4,800	\$	59,527		
_		7	1,000	_	15,423		
	4,060				18,151		
	48		520		862		
\$	4,108	\$	5,320	\$	93,963		
\$	5,497	\$		\$	5,497		
					127,631		
					60,956		
					3,758		
\$	5,497	\$	0	\$	197,842		
	(1,389)		5,320		(103,879)		
					78,000		
			(520)		(520)		
			(520)		77,480		
	(1,389)		4,800		(26,399)		
	18,211		49,947		116,562		
\$	16,822	\$	54,747	\$	90,163		



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Leslie Newman, Bracken County Judge/Executive Members of the Bracken County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bracken County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated March 11, 2005. Bracken County prepares its financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Bracken County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be a material weakness. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bracken County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing opinions on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such opinions. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Bracken County Fiscal Court, management, and the Governor's Office of Local Development and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - March 11, 2005

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

BRACKEN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

BRACKEN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30. 2004

The Bracken County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Sulu 2 Meumon

Bracken County Judge/Executive

Jugath Brothers

Bracken County Treasurer